

HOLD UP HERE
SHIPMENT HERE

Cattlemen Employ Attorney
to Carry Confiscated Ship-
ment Case Into Courts.

The two cars of hides that have been the source of a controversy upon the border as to whether or not the Carranza government has a legal right to ship into America confiscated property, have crossed the border and are being held under a detainer by the customs officials. Before holding up the cars, however, the customs officials are said to have ascertained whether or not any damage would result to the shipment from such procedure, and learned that there would not be.

William Harrell, secretary of the Panhandle & Southwestern Stock Men's association, stated Friday morning that he had employed Dr. Harrington as counsel for the stockmen's association, and that the cattle men and companies interested in the shipment, had also employed counsel.

Do Not Expect Endorsement.
In the face of several decisions handed down by the higher courts as to the rights of governments in power to confiscate properties belonging to the government out of power, and dispose of it as they might deem best, it is regarded locally as improbable that a United States court will grant an endorsement. The chief decision hearing upon this point, was rendered by chief justice Fuller in the case of Underhill vs. Hernandez, 148 U. S. 250 at page 252; 15 Sup. Ct. 83 at page 84.

Not Confiscating, Says Garcia.
Mexican consul Andres G. Garcia stated Friday morning that he wished it emphatically understood that the Carranza government was not unduly confiscating property and that the minerals and like products owned by Americans would remain undisturbed; but that properties belonging to families and enterprises hostile to the Carranza government would not be exempted, if proof of defection of hostility were established.

The return of 25 bars of gold and silver bullion to Charles Quayle of the Yucatan and Hatisa, who recently, he said, was merely an act of courtesy, as the bullion was confiscated by us from the Villistas and its confiscated property belonged to us.

OREGON ON HIS WAY TO
HERMOSILLO TO BE MARRIED

Gen. Alvaro Obregon is on his way by boat from Colima to Guaymas, and from there will go to Hermosillo where he expected to be united in marriage with Miss Maria Tapia. The wedding was postponed from the winter months because of Gen. Obregon's campaign in northern Sonora, and his needed presence upon the staff of Gen. Carranza in Central Mexico.

While in Sonora it is expected that Gen. Obregon will visit El Paso and Juarez, by way of Nogales, and that his presence here will affect the hunting ground of Villa and his band.

According to a statement issued from Gen. Obregon's office on Friday morning, Villa is still between Bachimba and Bustillo. The location is presumably 100 miles northwest of Chihuahua.

MEXICAN CHEMISTS DISCOVER
FLUID TO KILL TYPHUS GERM

The department of chemistry of the National Mexican government has been engaged in developing an insecticide for killing insects that spread typhus fever and, according to a statement received Friday by the Mexican consul, a fluid has been made through the invention of Julian Sierra and Robert Modelina, that is very satisfactory.

This fluid is brown in color and without odor and is being used generally in Mexico City. An atomizer is employed in spraying it upon the body.

The two chemists who invented the fluid are in the government employ and have been commended by Gen. Carranza for their service.

Special Sale Gift Initial stationery, with envelopes, 25c per box. El Paso Book Co., Mills Bldg., "It's Handy."—Adv.

Over 500 students have already enrolled in the new Warsaw university which has been opened under the control of the Germans.

Acquiring

A 20 Year Prestige
In One Year

Necessitated

Great Improvements

RECENT extensive alterations made in our store have condensed our stock and greatly increased our efficiency—thus making it possible to serve the public more quickly.

The Same Courtesy
Interesting Prices
Unquestioned Quality
Is Ever Present

Large Additions

have been made to our stock—making it unusually complete and your every hardware need can be met here in a satisfactory manner.

We invite and hope for, critical inspection.

SHEERS LAZENBY CO.

Mills and Stanton

State of Guanajuato Reestablishes Schools on the American Plan.

Preparations are being made in Queretaro for the opening of the national congress of Mexico in September, according to Moises Saenz, director general of public instruction for the state of Guanajuato, who is in Juarez and was a visitor Friday at the headquarters of Gen. Gabriel Garcia.

Mr. Saenz was asked why Gen. Carranza had decided upon Queretaro for government headquarters instead of Mexico City, and he replied:

"It is much quieter in Queretaro; there is not the constant presence of office seekers and petitioners and the work of the state may be carried on with greater efficiency; and besides, it is more central as an administrative headquarters than is Mexico City."

Mr. Saenz brings to the border the intelligence that the state of Guanajuato has increased its number of state schools to 500 and that 240 of these are rural schools. We have a population of 1,000,000 people in Guanajuato and have now established 450 normal schools, one normal to every 200,000 inhabitants, placing Guanajuato on the same educational basis as Massachusetts.

"Our new educational system is to be patterned after the American and English schools, instead of the French, as in the past. Now we give six months of study to French and three years to English. We are doing this because we have most of the English language in the development of the reconstituted Mexico. German is scarcely to be taught at all."

In our lower or primary schools we have six grades; then the upper school or intermediate has four grades; then comes the college course to be patterned after the American and English schools.

"Not only has Guanajuato gone forward educationally, but Yucatan, too, well over 2,000,000 pesos in lower grade text books have been sold in the past few months in that part of the republic; while in Mexico City books to the value of 1,800,000 pesos have been sold."

Schools to Open in Mexico City.

"The schools of Mexico City will be opened on March 8, while I understand that Gen. Obregon has some very modern and splendid plans for the public schools of Chihuahua."

Mr. Saenz stated that "half of Mexico is being revived, and the only points of disaffection that still remain are in Sonora and Chihuahua, and in the states of Morelos and Oaxaca."

ASKS REPORT ON SLAUGHTER
OF AMERICAN OWNED CATTLE

A telegram was dispatched Friday morning to governor Luis Herrera, at Chihuahua, by the Mexican consulate in El Paso, asking for information regarding the statement that Carranza officials were slaughtering cattle owned by Americans, in and near Chihuahua.

The report was based on a letter to the border from an American in which he is alleged to have written that 500 head of his cattle had been led to the slaughter pens and that when he had presented his case to Gen. Herrera, that official had said, "If you will pay \$10 a head for these cattle, we will return them to you."

CANAL WATCHMAN FRACTURES
LEG STOPPING RUNAWAY HORSE

John A. Kelly, a special officer, sustaining a fracture of the right leg and a painful cut on the head Friday morning at 11:45 when he attempted to stop a runaway horse at Seventh and Virginia streets.

According to witnesses Mr. Kelly, who is the municipal watchman of the Franklin canal, attempted to stop the horse by grasping the bridle. The leather slipped from his hands and he was thrown heavily to the pavement.

The horse, which was the property of a Mexican wagon driver, was stopped a short distance further down the street.

Order Subscribers' Majestic Ham or Bacon today for breakfast tomorrow. "Deliciously Different."—Adv.

PLANS MADE TO
PEPPER CONGRESS

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Some Merely Disappeared.

Those who disappeared and probably were killed:

Gustav Bauch, disappeared while under arrest as a spy in Ciudad Juarez, by Villistas.

Harry Compton, disappeared, supposed to have been executed at Chihuahua city.

Charles Milton, reported murdered by hand of Huerta followers in Sonora.

Juan Coy, disappeared during an attack on Monclova.

Charles S. Dairymple, last seen in prison in 1915 at Victoria.

Peter Scott, reported killed near Nogales, Sonora.

A. Martinette, killed by Villista soldiers at Cumpas.

Edgar Bean, murdered at Puertecitos, Sonora.

Those Slain by Bandits.

Following are those killed by bandits and whose deaths are not attributed directly to revolution:

Boris Gorow, Tepic.

Mrs. Charles E. Ross, also known as Kitty Hines, murdered by Mexicans caught robbing her home at Chihuahua city.

Maurice P. Root, stabbed to death while robbing robbery, Mazatlan.

Clement Vergara, killed in Piedras Negras.

Weston Berwell, killed at Ocotiluma by orders of a federal officer.

C. B. Hoadley, reported killed in raids on mines in Guadalupe district.

John Glenn Parmenter, murdered at Guadalupe.

Edward Freeman Wells, killed when train was attacked near Veracruz.

James Jacoby, murdered at Chihuahua city.

James E. Taylor, fatally wounded resisting robbery at his home near Veracruz.

Victims of Indians.

Killed by Indians:

Edward G. Dexter, near Oaxaca.

Tom Farrell, in Hermosillo district.

O. A. C. Soules, Colorado.

John Williams, in Sonora.

Eugene Camara, Lencho station, Sonora.

M. M. Brown, in Mazatlan district.

John P. Wilson, at Esperanza, Sonora.

J. J. Donovan, same place.

Joseph Tays, near San Blas, Sinaloa.

W. A. Fay, Esperanza, Sonora.

Charles Goldborough, in Fuerte district, Sinaloa.

Y. S. Windham, Quimichis ranch, Tepic.

Miscellaneous Murders.

Killed from miscellaneous causes:

Frank Horace, murdered at Coahuila.

Walter Vandenberg, murdered by Mexican civilian, Durango.

James L. Warren, murdered by Mexican civilian, Tampico.

Albert H. Lawrence, same.

William Corrie, reported murdered by chief of police, Guaymas.

John C. Klewson, same.

William Proter, shot by Mexican civilian in Chihuahua.

Henry Knox Burton, murdered by Constitutional soldiers at Santa Rosalia.

Victor W. East, murdered in Campeche.

John Edson, murdered at Elvenado, near Guadalupe.

Mrs. Edson, fatally wounded at same place.

M. J. Gilmartin, Bernard Schofield.

PEPPERS
DENIED SENATE

President and Secretary of State Withhold Vital Information on Mexico.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 18.—Much vital information regarding Mexico was not included in the mass of documents sent by the president and secretary of state Lansing Thursday to the senate, and Senator A. R. Fall of New Mexico, declared that the omissions made the matter which was turned over useless for the senate's purposes. He said the apparent purpose was to frustrate possible attacks on the government's Mexican policy.

Secretary Lansing said that the withheld documents comprised confidential reports from consuls, representatives of foreign powers and many private individuals in Mexico, the publishing of whose communications would seriously embarrass them.

Included in the state department documents regarding Mexico sent to the senate were copies of president Wilson's appeal to the Mexican factions last June urging them to get together; a copy of the Pan-American conference which resulted ultimately in the recognition of Carranza; a copy of the appeal to the factions issued by the Pan-American conference; the correspondence between the state department and Carranza; communications from Eliseo Arredondo, the Mexican ambassador-designate to the United States, relative to guarantees of protection of Americans and other foreigners, indemnities and individual freedom of worship according to everyone's conscience; copies of telegrams regarding war department operations during border troubles; and reports on the taking and occupation of Veracruz and many other subjects.

War Department Letter Included.
The correspondence also included a letter from former secretary Garrison to secretary Lansing, dated January 26, containing a general report of the army operations to suppress border uprisings last fall. In this letter secretary Garrison said:

"Commanders of United States troops on the Mexican border were ordered to give all possible protection to American life and property, to warn the commanders of Mexican forces along the border to refrain from any action that would endanger American life and property, and to inform them that United States forces would be used to prevent action by Mexican troops endangering life and property on the American side of the line."

In submitting the list of 74 Americans killed in Mexico in 1913, 1914 and 1915, Secretary Garrison also included the fact that when the murder of American citizens was reported, the department of state made representations for the apprehension and punishment of the assassins and that in some instances the department's representations were made such representations to the appropriate officials on their own initiative.

List of Americans Killed.

The following is a list of those killed from causes that can be attributed directly to the revolution.

In 1913: John R. Alamia, hanged as a spy, Rio Bravo.

John Henry Thomas, assassinated by federal soldiers, Mazatlan, Chih.

Edmund Hayes, assassinated by same band.

William C. Robertson, murdered by revolutionaries, Mazatlan, Sinaloa.

Porfirio Laubel, stabbed to death, Nueva Laredo.

Charles Zeegerson, accidentally shot, Juarez.

Licence Martinez, killed in battle while a prisoner in Tampico district.

Incarceration Sanchez, murdered by Mexican federal officers in Mexico.

Jose Valencia, murdered same place.

Casualties in 1914.

In 1914: Frank Smith, killed by federal soldiers in Tampico.

Guy S. Sawyer, fatally wounded during attack on Monterey by Constitutionalists.

Dr. E. E. Kelley, killed by Indian soldiers in Sonora.

F. C. Chapell, killed by Mexican soldiers at Nogales, Sonora.

Long List in 1915.

In 1915: John R. McManus, killed by Zapatistas in Mexico City while defending his home against assault.

Isaac R. Ely, accidentally shot by Villistas, Tampico.

J. N. Bennett, shot by Villistas while in a launch with Carranza soldiers off Tampico.

A. Martinette, killed by Villista soldiers at Cumpas.

Edgar Bean, murdered at Puertecitos, Sonora.

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EL PASO SISTERS
TO GET \$100,000

See Article in Newspaper and Learn They Will Inherit a Big Fortune.

Mrs. W. T. Campbell and Mrs. Fannie Deah, two sisters of El Paso, were notified Thursday afternoon by attorneys that, through the death of a cousin over two years ago, they had fallen heir to an estate located in North Carolina and which is valued at approximately \$100,000.

News of the legacy was received by Mrs. Campbell following correspondence with relatives of J. W. Moore, the decedent, as a result of seeing a small newspaper article concerning the whereabouts of Mrs. Martha Lowe, mother, Mrs. Campbell, Mrs. Campbell answered the article which appeared in a Seguin, Texas, paper and the correspondence revealed that she was the heiress to the property without knowing it.

Mrs. Dean left El Paso several days ago for a visit to Gastonia and Lowell, S. C., where it is said large realty holdings included in the legacy are located. Mrs. Campbell stated a day morning that while the sisters had only received news of the legacy she expected definite news within a short time.

John E. Webster, E. J. McCutcheon, J. L. McLean, killed in Cumbria tunnel disaster.

Walter Pederson, murdered in Veracruz